DECISION TREE -
Tanzania Wazazi Nipendeni Campaign
MALARIA IN PREGNANCY - MEN GROUP

Pregnancy

Later attendants, more than 20 weeks

Early attendants, less than 20 weeks.

Step 1a. to hide information about pregnancy
- it is a first time to get pregnant
- don’t believe if she has pregnant

Step 1b. to inform his partner about the pregnancy
- he is the one concern with it
- he is responsible for it
- he is close to me
- he is trouble maker if he is not aware

Step 2. to confirm about the pregnancy
- to go to the hospital to check the presence of pregnancy
- or to buy pregnancy test from shop

Step 3. to tell your partner about the presence of pregnancy
- to give him the pregnancy test result

Step 4. to decide about to go to the clinic
- a husband is a decision maker
- a husband advise on going to the clinic to collect a clinic card
- to avoid some problems

Step 5. to go to the clinic
- for check up (to test)
- to get counseling
- to test blood, urine, BP
- to check the development of pregnancy
To get first dosage of SP as a vaccine.
- it is important to go to the clinic to avoid miscarriage.

Step 6. to take medication
- clinic or home
- some don’t get medicine because store keeper was absent by then

Step 7. prevention from malaria
- to make environment clean
- to use nets properly
- to fill the holes

Step 8. to attend clinic for the second time
- to get test
- to check the development of the babe
- to get the second dosage of SP after one or two months

Step 9. to deliver
- to deliver either in the hospital or home
- hospital is more safe for the health of the babe and mother
- to deliver at home with the assistance of traditional birth attendants.

To get first dosage of SP as a vaccine.